NEW YORK, SUNDAY, APRIL 14, 1895.—COPYRIGHT, 1895, BY THE SUN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

ODD FOLK OF THE CIRCUS.

BOARDING HOUSES IN TOWN WHERE THESE STRANGERS LIVE.

Their Landiadica Say They Give Lean Trouble than Others in the Show Bustness from Far Less Distant Lands-The Home Life Here of the Fijis, Samoans, (Ingalese, and Gilbert Islanders-Their Interesting Impressions of New York.

There are some persons in this town who find e profitable, and not as disagreeable as one might imagine, to manage boarding houses for freaks. A woman who has for many years been renting her rooms to fat women, ossided men. mants, dwarfs, and other star features of museum entertainments says that she has much less trouble with them than she had when she was running a theatrical boarding house. "They are penceable people as a rule," she said, "and they don't put on airs and think themselves bet-ter than the landlady."

Since the circus came to town two of these "freak" boarding houses have been filled with the men and women who make up the Congress of Nations, and who come from all parts of the globe. Some days when it cannot be avoided there is one mess table for each house, and it may happen that a member of the Congress who has been brought up to eat anything, and who considers roast dog and horse steak the greatest delicacies of all seasons, finds himself seated by a man of another nationality who insists on a curry of rice and declines meat. Such occasions are trials to the boarding house keeper who studies to please. It necessitates a wide range in the bill of fare. There have been times in the past two or three weeks when mch a crisis has resulted in blows, but as a rule the lodgers in these two boarding houses live together in something like harmony.

In the house at 227 East Thirty-second In the house at 1277 East Thirty-second are the Company of the Com street are the Cingalese, Tomales, Sa-moans, and Fiji and Gilbert Islanders, and the life is very new to all of them says that the Samoans feel very proud of their height when they compare themselves with the Chigalese. They don't take any interest in the Couta dwarfs and the Tomales, however. Among the Samoans is a woman named Toga, whose sister was Robert Louis Stevenson's house-keeper. Miss Toga talks English and sells Samoan wares. All of the Samoans say that they are Christians if any one asks them their religion. They are intelligent and observing. Several weeks ago William Churchill of the Brooklyn Timo, who has spent several years in Samoan saked R. F. Hamilton if he might invite the Samoans to a little dinner party at his home in Brooklyn. Mr. Hamilton accepted the invitation for the Samoans, and they went in full dress. It was the red-letter day of their New York experience, and before each one, as they sat down at the table, was a dinner card that read like this:

RATU WILIAMI CHURCHILL 131 Kcap streat, Prooklyn, N. Y., U. S. A. Ma vulagi kel na lewe ni vale era sa tiko vakaogo. -Ratu Semisi A. Sperr -Ratu W. R. Pettibe Ratu Pemeta -Ratu Peri Churchill. Adl Mile-

BOLEVU VAKAVITI

Sa kan 1 otl. THE DINNER CARD.

THE DINNER CARD.

The Samoans bred some discontent when they returned to their boarding house with these cards. They learned from Mr. Churchill of the cath of flobert Louis Stevenson, whom they all knew and liked.

The Samoans Gilbert Islanders, and Fijis usually dine at one table, and the Cingalese, Tomales, and cotta dwarfs dine at another. The Cluxalese bill of fare compists of a curry of rice, fruits, and eggs, with occasionally mutton, which is the only meat that they will touch. The Samoans and ran to their bill of fare, and they are much more easily suited by what is served to them. Mr. Pettibone says that the Samoans were persuaded to come to this country simply by exciting their curiosity. They are all of them well to do according to Samoan standards, and money is no object with them. Life in Samoan is not expensive, nor is it filled with hard work.

"My Samoans," said Mr. Pettibone, "have really no idea of the value of money. They spend all they get buying all sorts of trinkets, is all of his money in buying revolvere, Since we left Sam Francisco he has purchased nine of different batterns and has them all stowed dway in his trunk. He has no carridges for them and they will probably be used to the man and they will probably be used them more than money. The Gilbert Islanders have zero less idea of the value of money. In their own country their chief is the Treasury Department and their currency is shells. These are small and strung on long strings Whenever less idea of the Gilbert Islanders have zero less idea of the gilbert galanders have zero less and a strung on long strings. Whenever less idea of the Gilbert Islanders have zero less and strung on long strings. Whenever have deed shells in payment. Just before we left one of the Gilbert Islanders have zero less idea of the Gilbert Islanders.

hit his wife with a club and broke her back. I asked him why he did that. He gaplied that he hit her because she talked too much, and that it didn't matter anyway, because he could easily get another wife. Among the Gilbert Islanders wives are considered to be the property of their husbands, and if the husband chooses to beat or kill his wife it is no one's business. The Gilbert Islanders have purchased all sorts of trinkets since they have been here in New York. When they have money they buy the first thing that attracts their eye. I have taken thom and some of the Samoans around town a bit, and they have been very much interested in the things they saw. The Samoans and the Gilbert islanders both understand now what makes the cable cars run, but the trolley cars are still a mystery to them. When the Gilbert islanders first saw them in San Francisco they asked me itself them what pulled the cars. I tried to explain to them how they were run by electricity, but they couldn't understand it. They finally gave up and decided that one of their gods was the motive power.

"The chief difficulty in bringing these people to this climate is their liability to develop lung trouble. Some of them have been sick with colds most of the time that we have been here, but they are all well now. When one of these people does get sick he is very sick; he makes up his mind at once that he is going to die, and I have known cases in their own homes where they have become sick with some trivial complaint, and have died because they had made up their minds that they were going to die. I have lived among them and know them so well that they are willing to take medicines from me. I have decored ail of them myself for their colds, and unless the case has been really? a serious one I haven't called in a physician because they will not receive treatment from a man unless they have no form of religion. I notice, however, that they are Christians, and the Fijis apparently have no form of religion. I notice, however, that they are well they for

### COL. AUSTEN RETIRES.

His Resignation as Commander of the Thirteenth Regiment Sent in Yesterday. Col. David E. Austen yesterday forwarded his resignation as commander of the Thirteenth Regiment in Brooklyn to Brig.-Gen. James Mc-Leer. Expiration of term of service was the only explanation accompanying the resignation. Col. Austen's action was not a surprise to most

of his associate officers in the National Guard. as it has been known for some time that it was his intention to retire from the command of the regiment after it had been permanently installed in its fine new armory in Summer avenue. He has been a resident of this city for several years,

has been a resident of this city for several years, and his official duties as tax receiver left him little time to devote to the regiment. He has the distinction of being the senior officer of his grade in the National Guard of the State.

Two years before the war Col. Austen enlisted in Company H. Seventh Regiment, and went South with the regiment in 1861. He joined the Forty-seventh Regiment in Brooklyn as First Lieutenant of Company I, in 1863, and became Adjutant the same year. His promotion was rapid and in May, 1858, he was elected Colonel of the regiment. His election as Colonel of the Thirteenth Regiment sook place in July, 1877, and in December of the same year he retired and was succeeded by Col. Alfred C. Barnes. In January, 1888, in response to an urgent call of the officers and men, he resumed the command of the Thirteenth.

Col. Austen was noted in military circles as a factician and disciplinarian, and he leaves the regiment in a high state of efficiency. Lieut.-Col. W. L. Watson will be in temporary command of the regiment pending the election of Col. Austen's successor.

Mayor Schieren of Brooklyn is hopping mad over the amendments in the bill providing for the construction of the new East River bridge, waich deprives him and Mayor Strong of the privilege of appointing three of the Commissioners. He said: "I disapprove strongly of these amendments, and I will not permit of any change in the bill as presented by our Law Department. I feel assured that Mayor Strong is equally opposed to the amendments."

Holdmeyer Compromises with Miss Stafa-

ashi by Marrying Her. Miss Lena Stafanahi of Brooklyn recently began a \$5,000 suit against William Holdmeyer, for deceiving her under promise of marrange, and the defendant, not being able to fur-nish ball, had to go to liaymond street jail. He get tired of his confinement, and married the laintiff in the jail yesterday morning. Chapita



### NEWS OF KEELY'S MOTOR.

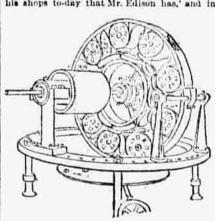
VISITOR WHO SAYS THAT THE MACHINE IS ABOUT TO START.

fr. Keely's Adherents Belleve that He Is About to Demonstrate His Claim that He Has Harnessed the Interntonic Ether. That many intelligent men have full faith in the ultimate success of Mr. Keely and his sys-tem of producing power and motion, there can be no doubt. Mr. Keely has been enabled to keep steadily at work upon his experiments, and he and his adherents believe that he is about to demonstrate to the world the truth of all of his claims. A gentleman who has been connected with Mr. Keely's interests from the first, and who has never doubted Mr. Keely's ability or success, visited the workrooms last week. He writes to THE SUN as follows:

"Nothing is so misunderstood as to the real facts as are Mr. Keely's inventions. Threefourths of the statements made by the public press during the last few years have been entirely at variance with the real facts. Mr. Keely has always objected beretofore to having anything said of his work until the proper time

" Not until I can produce a mercantile engine, one that will do practical work, will scientists and the people generally believe in my discoveries,' we have often heard him say, "Mr. Boyd Elliott, the eminent mechanical

engineer, says in a letter now in our possession; "'I have seen the etheric liberator of Mr. Keely. I believe he has six times the value in



molecule asunder. Most molecules, probably all, are wrecked by vibratory motion. The con-stituent atoms of molecules can vibrate to and fro millions of millions of times in a second. Further atoms of different molecules are

situent atoms of molecules can vibrate to and fro millions of millions of times in a second.

"Further atoms of different molecules are held together with varying degrees of tightness; they are timed, as it were, to notes of varying pitch—the same as what occurs when a piano is opened and sung into. The waves of sound select the atrings which respectively respond to them, each string constituting itself thereby a new centre of motion." Mr. Tyndali then refers to how vibrations are increased or accelerated by sound, and how great is the power of vibrations when stimulated.

"We have given a few of the expressions of Mr. Tyndali as to the power of vibratory action, wherein he treats and confirms the very things which certain scientists, who have never seen Mr. Keely's experiments, have stated cannot be true. We will now give Mr. Keely's words on vibrations as to their power, &c. He says:

"Vibration is a difficult thing to define, if we speak of it theoretically. The sclentific men of the world cannot fully explain it. Vibrations may be increased by sound. As recards atomic vibration, if I were to assert that I could make a machine which, by a certain process, could create a disturbance of equilibrium so as to proque a pressure of fifty tons to the square inch, persons would be dumfounded. Yet such is the case with the machine now in my laboratory. The process involved in etheric liberation is the same as if familiarly witnessed in the liberation of gases from water, water being known as the highest specific gravity. The liberation is the same as if familiarly witnessed in the ilberation of gases from water, water being known as the highest specific gravity. The liberation is the same sit familiarly witnessed in the ilberation of the ether in my machine furnishes simply the medium, and that is used to be liberated is greater than the power being known as the highest specific gravity. The liberation is the power which is to be liberated in the same of the ether which is liberated by my machine. Unlar that I produc

the very highest respectability in this and other cirics.

"We visited Mr. Keely's laboratory last week and had an interview with him. He said, after showing us the coming mercantile engine which is now almost set up:

"I am as far as proving to the world the integrity of my vibratory system, about through with my work. My provisional engine (from which the coming 300-horse-nower engine is modelled was a perfect one in every respect, and the big one will be a more mechanical structure, and which combines within itself all of my system. I know scientists and all others will be a power, &c., and all pleased with its running, its power, &c., and all done with a costless force.'

### Extensions of Surface Railroads,

ALBANY, April 13. The Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company of New York city to-day filed with the Secretary of State a certificate of extension of route from University place, at Clinton place, running southerly along University place to West Fourth street, and then to extend to the point of connection with the branch of the Metropolitan Street Italiway; also connecting with a track in Wooster street, at West Fourth street, to a point of connection with a branch of the Metropolitan Street Hailway.

The Metropolitan Street Railway also proposes an extension, commencing at the intersection of South Fifth avenue and West Fourth street, and connecting with the double-track Street Surface Haliroad Company, and running along West Fourth street to unite with an extension of the Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railcoad Company.

ARMY NEWS AND NOTES

Coming Promotions-Allens in the Army-The New Ride-Cap and Blouse. WASHINGTON, April 13.-There are now three impending awards of stars, in consequence of age retirement. The delay in appointing Brigadier-General to the vacancy caused by Gen. Ruger's promotion still continues, and now it will no longer be surprising if the matter is

delayed until the retirement of Gen. McCook. That, however, is due only a week from Monday, so that on or shortly after that date may be expected both the promotion of a Brigadier-General to be a Major-General, and of two Colonels to be Brigadiers. The impression is still strong that Gen. Wesley Merritt, the senior of the Brigadiers, will be the Major-General, while the friends of Col. Z. R. Blies, Twenty-fourth Infantry, seem confident that he has as good a chance as anybody for one of the two promotions to the single star. With the long delay, the chance of Col. E. C. Mason for promotion seems to be dwindling, as he retires May 31; and, presumably, had there been any intention to appoint him, it would have been ex-

ecuted some time ago. Only a few weeks hence, on May 10, Brig.-Gen. Casey, Chief of Engineers, will be retired for age, thus opening the way to the award of another star. There are many distinguished officers just below him, the leaders in order of rank being Col. G. H. Mendell, who retires Oct. 12 next; Col. H. L. Abbot, who retires Aug. 13, and Col. W. P. Craighill, who retires July 1, 1897. The corps has already lost by retirement Col. C. B. Comstock and Col. G. H. Elliot. With the retirement of Gen. Casey and Cols. Mendell and Abbot, the remarkable result will have occurred of five out of the seven highest officers of the corps passing from the active list within a period of less than nine months.

The interesting statement has been made that there is now not a single commissioned officer in our army who is not a native-born or naturalized citizen, the last of the aliens having taken out naturalization papers during the past week. It is further stated that the reports for the last six months showed a great gain in the proportion of citizens among the enlisted men. This process of leavening will go on rapidly under the legislation of Congress. It is felt that, with the advantages that the army gives, and the large number of recruits offering themselves, there is no reason why those who take so little interest in the country as to remain aliens should be preferred for enlistment.

On account of the heat developed during the firing of the new magazine rifle, instructions have been issued for the exercise of proper care. After 15 rounds fired rapidly, perhaps 10 or more a minute, the piece should be handled only by the stock, hand guard, or metal parts in rear of the chamber. Even in slow firing, or at the rate of three or less a minute, the barrel should not be handled after from 17 to 20 rounds, while after 40 rounds the rifle is only to be handled by the wooden parts and such metal parts as are in the rear of the chamber. But the sight can be adjusted quickly even after 100 rounds without burning the hand. It is also stated that 200 rounds, or as many more as the soldier can carry, can be fired rapidly without other injury to the piece than the charring of the wooden parts; and even after 200 rounds the piece can be handled by the stock. It is considered undesirable, therefore, to cool the barrel by pouring in water, as it may prove injurious. Still, it can be done if necessary, where the water is to be had, by using the canteen or cup, first pouring slowly until steam is no longer formed. The instructions suggest, however, that as 'from four to six quarts' are needed to cool a heated rifle, this plan is not ordinarily practicable in the field. The old Springfield after 40 rounds the rifle is only to be handled by

rifie becomes, it is said, too hot to handle (above the lower band) after about thirty rounds fired at the rate of seven a minute. In other words, it appears to take twice as many rounds in the old rifie as in the new to bring the barrel to about the same temperature.

The army will soon have its new caps and blouses, the former being for officers and men, and the latter for officers only. The officers will assume theirs on July 1 next, but the change for the enlisted men does not take effect until Jan. 1, so that the existing supply of caps may be used. The cap badge for officers will be the coat of arms of the United States, embroidered in gold. As to the undress coat, during the warm season post commanders may allow it to be made of white duck or fiannel with white braid, but without shoulder strays or collar insignia. A plain leather helt is to be worn under the undress coat, when on undress duty, the sword hook emerging through the opening of the coat on the left side. But for field service, or with the pistol worn, the belt will be outside, if so directed by the commanding officer.

### WHAT IT COSTS TO FURNISH A FLAT

We have had a number of inquiries regarding the expense of furnishing an apartment of 5 rooms with serviceable furniture and carpets, and are prepared to quote prices as follows:

Remember the articles named are not common, trashy goods, neither are they the very best, but they are plain, substantial, and moderate priced, and in a fair degree ornamental, and of such character and style as would make a very attractive and comfortable home.

25 yds. Brussels Carpet. \$18.75 Parior Suit, 5 pieces \$5.00 Parior Table, polished oak. 2.75 PARLOR 20 yds. Carpet .... 10.00 Dining Table. ROOM 6 Oak Dining Ch'rs 5.40 TWO 2 Rrass-trimmed Bustoads, 80,75 B0,00 D- M'tresses, \$6,50. 4 Feather Fill ws. 2 Chiffonlers, antique oak... 9,00 ROOMS 20 yds. Fancy Matting or Carpet... 4,00 KITCHEN Kitchen Table.... 1.22

There is probably no city where there is so great a number of young and old married people who have the taste to enjoy pleasant surroundings and yet have little money to spend on them. We are therefore prepared to sell the goods on credit if you have not the necessary cash.

Furniture and Carpets, 6TH AV., CORNER 15TH ST.



# American Art

Madison Square, South, N. Y.

Special Notice.

It has been customary in opening Art Exhibitions to issue cards of invitation for a private view. Departing from this, we have set apart as "First View Day." Tuesday next, 16th inst. (from 9 A, M. to 6 P. M.), when those presenting their personal cards will be admitted. We cordially invite our friends and others interested to this First View of a most extraordinary collection. Respectfully,

The American Art Ass'n.

April 13, 1895.

APPEALS FOR EXCISE LICENSES. Judge Gildersleeve Says 6,500 Saloons Are Enough if the Board Says So.

The application of James J. Connolly to compel the Board of Excise by mandamus to give him a license for a saloon at 335 Amsterdam avenue, on the southeast corner of Seventysixth street, has been denied by Judge Gilder-sleeve of the Superior Court. Connolly alleged that the Commissioners acted arbitrarily in re-fusing the license, because, regardless of the merits of his application, they had said that there are more than 6,500 similar licenses outstanding, and had added:

"This number, in the opinion of the Board, is ufficient to meet the requirements of the inhabitants of the city at the present time." He averred also that he was about to purchase the surrender of another license, so that there would be no increase in the number. This application is the seventh that has been refused for a saloon at that place within two years.

Judge Gildersleeve says that the Commission ers have discretion to say how many licenses shall be issued, and that the fact that Connolly was about to purchase a license to surrender does not affect the case. "Ten thousand," not 6,500, is the number of saloons temperance orators assign to New York city.

Julius Schultz has obtained a writ of cer-Julius Schultz has obtained a writ of certiorari from Judge Gildersleeve to review the action of the Excise Board in refusing him a license for 319 Bowery. The license for that place held by Joseph Hirshhorn was revoked on Feb. 3 last on evidence that the place was frequented by disorderly persons.

Schultz says the Board would not hear all the evidence he had of the character of the place since he had been in charge, and that Commissioner Woodman said he would not grant a license for any place the license of which had been revoked.

Father Halplu Much Better.

The Rev. P. A. Halpin, S. J., who has been ill for some time, is rapidly recovering, and expect to resume his duties in St. Francis Xavier's Coltege by the close of the present month. The lectures for the students of the post-graduate course will then be resumed and will be con-tinued later than usual in order that the inter-ruption consequent on Father Halpin's illness may be made up for,

# HOUSE-CLEANING

TIME HAS COME. REPLACE THE OLD SQUARE PIANO OR ORGAN AND RE-FURNISH THE NEW OR OLD HOME WITH THE EVER POPULAR AND BEAUTIFUL UP-TO-DATE

# NEEDHAM

A MARVEL OF MECHANICAL PER-FECTION AND DELICACY, AND RANK. ING AMONG THE FINEST AND BEST MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY.

8250 TO 8500 ON INSTALLMENTS OF 87 TO 810 MONTHLY UNTIL PAID, OR FOR CASH, INCLUDING STOOL

AND COVER, WE WILL TAKE ANY SQUARE,

# ORGAN

AT FULL VALUE IN PART PAY. MENT, ALLOUR INSTRUMENTS ARE FULLY WARRANTED FOR SIX YEARS GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION ND KEPT IN TUNEONE YEAR PREE NO CHARGE FOR DELIVERY WITHIN 40 MILES OF NEW YORK CITY, WE CORDIALLY INVITE A CALL TO OUR WAREROOMS, WHERE WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO GIVE EVERY ATTEN-TION AND ALL INFORMATION RE-GARDING THE "NEEDHAM INSTRU-MENTS," PLEASE SEND FOR OUR NEW ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE, PRICES AND TERMS. MAILED FREE. 1., C. WEGEFARTH, Manager Retail Dept.

# & SIMPSON

Will offer this week in

# Untrimmed Hat Dep't

the following

#### Special Values:

1,500 dozen Ladies' and Misses' Fancy Chip Hats,

All hand-sewed Crowns made in England expressly for us, in Black, White, three shades of Brown, Navy, Pearl, Ebenier, Bluet, Margottin and Amaryllis, 650 worth fully \$1.00 each, at....

750 dozen Fancy English Hats,

Black and all colors, worth 950 \$1.62 each, at.....

1,000 dozen Ladies' and Misses Fancy Hats, in a variety of 48c styles, worth 85c. each, at.....

600 dozen Fancy Hats,

in a variety of styles and snapes, black and all colors, worth 750 \$1.25 each, at..... 300 dozen

Black Chip Flats,

in several sizes and different in several sizes and this 95c. 58c styles of crowns, worth 95c.

The above Hats are all new choice goods in the latest and most desirable shapes and styles.

6th Avenue, 19th to 20th St.

# SIMPSON, URAWFORD & SIMPSON.

### Silk Waist Department.

The largest and most exclusive assortment of Separate Costume Waists ever shown, including creations from Worth, Paquin, Doucet, Raudnitz, and every other Parisian maker of note. All reduced to

Half Former Prices: \$29.00, \$39.00, \$59.00.

Also adaptations from our own workrooms at

\$12.50 and \$18.00.

And in addition will offer

1.000 Silk Waists at \$2.98. Made of Striped Jap Silk, in all the Plain Jap Silk in black, navy and

500 Silk Waists at \$5.75.

Made of Pin Stripe Glace; Illuminated and Brocaded Taffetas, in all the fashionable shades and combinations.

IMPORTED Chambray Waists.

White, with bead-run hemstitch-ing, in combination effects.....98c Pink, Blue and Lavender, hand run hemstitched ruffles........1.75

6th Avenue, 19th to 20th St.

FREDERICK DOUGLASS'S WILL

dmitted to Probate and Letters of Admisistration Granted the Widow and Son. WASHINGTON, April 13 .- The will of Fredcrick Douglass was admitted to probate by Judge Hagner this afternoon, and letters of adcrick Douglass was admitted to probate by Judge Hagner this afternoon, and letters of administration were granted the widow and Lewis II. Douglass, a son of the deceased. Hond was fixed at \$70,000. It is supposed that this action of the court will close the content over the estate and compel the interested parties to reach an amicable understanding.

The matter came before the court on application of Mrs. Rosetta D. Sprague, a daughter of Frederick Douglass, for letters of administration, and also asking that a collector for the real estate he appointed. This application was argued at some length to-day and was defield. The personal estate will now be administered according to the terms of the will, and the real property will pass to the heirs of the late Frederick Douglass. Jr.

Mrs. Sprague this afternoon illed her answer to the Detilion of Helen Douglass, the widow, Lewis H. Douglass. It sets forth that Lewis Douglass has made collections without regard to the interests of Mrs. Sprague, converting trust notes into money, charging himself with \$150 apparently unrepresented by any note or other statement, and refusing to give Mrs. Sprague aleaned statement of accounts. Mrs. Sprague aleaned statement of accounts. Mrs. Sprague aleaned statement of the condition of the amounts due the estate, and she instances several items on which her brother has rendered no account. Mrs. Sprague avers that her brother is not a good business msn and made unwise and improvident investments for her father.

The End of Mate Suttivan's Career. Kate Sullivan, aged 70 years, celebrated her NEEDHAM PIANO AND ORGAN CO., discharge from the Kings county almehouse on Friday by getting drunk. She was arrested and locked up in the Amity street station in Brooklyn, and yesterday morning was found dead in her cell.

# SIMPSON, CRAWFORD SIMPSON, CRAWFORD & SIMPSON.

### SILKS.

We will exhibit Monday the latest importations of Silk Nove elties, including a very large collection of the most recent effects in Plaid, Plisse, Dresden, and Parisian Taffetas, imported especially for waists and full costumes, and representing the most complete assortment ever shown, all of which are offered at very moderate prices.

#### SPECIAL VALUES.

1,500 Yards All-Silk Black Satin Duchesse.

good quality and rich 670

100 Pieces Silk Crepons,

27 inches wide, printed and plain colors, heretofore \$1.00 790 per yard, at.....

1.000 Yards Black Surah Silk,

24 inches wide, very heavy quality.....

Printed Taffetas, all light shades, excellent quality, desirable for waists and full dresses, formerly \$1.00 yard, at.

50 Pieces

1,000 Yards Black Satin Duchesse.

superior quality and rich lustre, worth \$1.50 per yard, at..... 1.09

75 Pieces Black Taffeta Silk,

22 inches wide, a very 68C. superior quality....... 1,200 Yards

Black Japanese Silk, 27 inches wide, 

6th Avenue, 19th to 20th St.

# SIMPSON, CRAWFORD

Dress Goods Dept. EXTRA VALUES.

2,500 Yards All-Wool Fancy Checked Suitings.

46 inches wide, value \$1.25 a yard, at ..... One lot All-Wool

Crepons, 46 inches wide, value \$1.75 a yard, at ..... In this lot are Rock and Pebble Crepons, Two-toned Checks and

Crinkled Striped Crepons. Black Goods.

and Silk-and-Wool

One lot Silk Warp Crepons,

> 48 inches wide, value \$1.50 a yard, at ..... These are the well-known Long Ripple Weave, and are most desirable for spring and summer

One lot All-Wool,

Silk-and-Wool, and Mohair Crepons,

> 48 inches wide, value \$2.00 yard, at. ...... Comprised in this lot are Tricotine, Sultane, Plisse Striped, Tufted,

Spotted and Frou Frou Crepons.

Imported Wash Goods.

One lot 32-inch French Mousseline Lisse 26c. yard; value 35c. This is an entirely new fabric, in all newest printings, thoroughly fast in color, and controlled by us for this market.

6th Avenue, 19th to 20th St.

Fatul Accident to a Bicylist, NEWBURGH, April 13 .- Last Saturday L. Edgar Maharay, aged 20 years, was thrown from a bicycle, striking on his head. He was able to attend to business until Wednesday night, when paralysis of the larynx developed, and he died early this morning. Examination showed that the skull had been fractured at the base of the pean.